

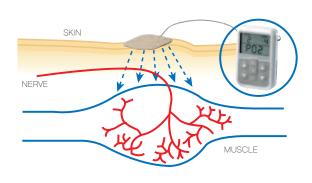
Level 5 Diploma in Massage Therapy for Sports TENS Electrotherapy



What is TENS Therapy and treatments?

The word TENS is an abbreviation of Transcutaneous Electrical Nerve Stimulation. With the term transcutaneous meaning "across the skin".

Put in simple terms for us, your TENS unit stimulates your nerves via an electrical current through your skin. The type of stimulation delivered by the TENS unit aims to excite (stimulate) the sensory nerves, and by so doing, activate specific natural pain relief mechanisms.

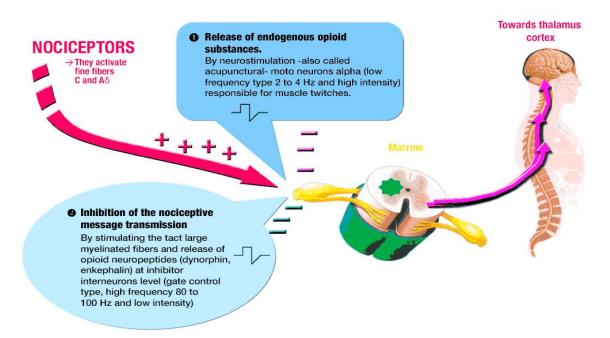


Most common programs use highfrequency stimulation, which is the first choice for both acute and chronic pain. The High Frequency sends impulses to the nervous systems pain-inhibiting mechanisms, thus blocking the pain. Another type of therapy is low-frequency stimulation. Now this can lower pain by stimulating muscles to release the bodies, own relief, endorphins. Place the electrode on a muscle in the painful area so that you can see a visible contraction.

The TENS unit is powered by a 9 volt battery which produces pain relieving electrical pulses. Either two (single channel) or four (dual channel) self-adhesive electrodes are applied to the skin and attached to the TENS unit with lead wires. With modified electrical pulses are then passed from the TENS unit, via the lead wires and electrodes, to the nerves which lie underneath the skin surface. It works on the superficial and spinal nerves traversing to the brain.

The treatment is very popular with therapists as the TENS is a non-invasive tool to assist with pain relief and can be easily applied. With the regular application of the TENs machine can result in reduced pain for up to 4 - 6 hours following the use.

How-ever the therapy should not be consistently used as the level of pain relief declines with prolonged use; although the variation of electrode placement may combat this.



Setting the Mode

Three mode settings, Normal, Burst and Modulation.



Normal: - Constant Stimulation at the frequency and pulse width setting. Most commonly used or acute pain relief via a gating effect. The therapy consists of short impulses. With the electrodes usually placed on nerve pathways around the site of pain. Popular to be used for conditions such as muscle pain, tennis elbow, Gout, carpel Tunnel and hip and back pain.



Modulation: - The frequency varies between different settings and uses a cyclical to help reduce nerve adaptation. This is useful for acute and chronic pain relief. The variations are randomly built up, almost like a shock to the system. It can be used to treat all conditions mentioned with the normal/ conventional setting. But for long term chronic conditions Modulation is perhaps best.



Burst: is useful in chronic pain relief. The unit will send through a burst of painrelieving power. Short bursts of stimulation beginning with high frequency and repeated with low frequency. Pain relief is longer due to the body producing its own natural pain killers. Conditions such as back pain, sciatic pain and whiplash etc.

How high should I TURN THE INTENSITY?

Evert individual client you have will react differently to TENS therapy (stimulation). So it is important to increase the intensity to the correct level.

Increase the intensity to a level that is comfortable to the client. Never turn up the intensity to high, that it is un-comfortable and almost unbearable for the client.

You can use TENs if required for long periods of time. To combat long term chronic pain. Although remember to place the electrodes in slightly differing positions, this will stop the possibility of skin irritation.

TENS should always be a pleasant sensation

Setting the Pulse Rate (Frequency)

Pulse Rate is the number of electrical pulses you will feel in one second. Frequency is measured in Hertz (Hz). Pain relief can occur at various frequencies. Acute pain is usually most effective between 80 and 120 Hz. Chronic pain can also benefit from lower settings 2 to 10Hz that stimulates an endorphin release. A setting between 35 and 50Hz is commonly used to stimulate muscles for strengthening or even relaxation.

The following settings are recommended:

80 to 120Hz-acute pain

35-50Hz-muscle stimulation

2 to 10Hz – chronic pain

Setting the Pulse Width

These are the ON periods of the current. Generally speaking, pain relief will occur with low to mid time periods. Muscle stimulation requires a longer pulse width to successfully reproduce a muscle contraction.

You can alter the time that each pulse lingers before resetting. The time period is extremely small. It's measured in microseconds uS (1000th's of a second). While you may not notice the difference, your nerves can.

The following setting is recommended:

175 to 200uS

You can strengthen the power of your machine by increasing the pulse width.

What Time Duration Should You Use a TENS Machine?

The following settings are recommended:

Acute pain 20 to 60min up to four times daily

Chronic pain – 20 to 30min up to five times weekly

Recent research has suggested however in TENS treatment times indicates that a minimum of 1 hour to 90 minutes is the most effective for pain relief. TENS can be used can be used in many cases for much longer time periods.

Application of electrodes

Positioning

The electrodes are self-adhesive; discontinue treatment if the resident develops a skin irritation following treatment from the electrodes.

The electrodes are normally positioned over the area of pain but other more advanced applications may often prove better. Please consult with physio for initial set up of electrode positioning. If you are unsure.

It's best practice to place TENS unit pads near the painful/injured area. This type of placement is called contiguous placement. Placing the electrodes in this manner causes the electrical current to be directed through or around the area of pain.



Setting

Chronic Hip Pain

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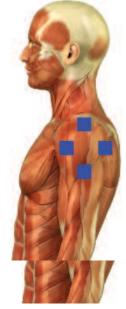
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Modulation Mode: Mode Pulse Width: 200µs Pulse Mode: 100Hz Output: Adjust to the most comfortable and perceptible intensity level

Treatment Time 90 minutes, three times daily thereafter



Primary Placement

Mode: Continuous or Modulation Medang Pweedevidth: 160nt2004es Pulse Mode: 80r-M00blation Ownode Adjust to the most Pulse Width: Controdortzoboeiand Pulse Mode: peoceptoolez intensityternel most Output: Treatment Time comfortable and 60 minutes, twice daily thereafter thereafter Treatment Time 60 minutes, twice daily thereafter

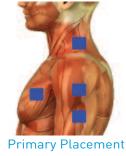
Setting



Shoulder Pain

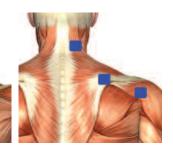
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Setting Mode: Modulation Mode Pulse Width: 260µs Pulse Mode: 80 - 100Hz Adjust to the most Output: comfortable and perceptible intensity level

Treatment Time 60-90 minutes, 3 times daily thereafter



Width: 100us Mode: 100Hz QUS Adjust to comfortat

Continuous

perceptib intensity | enthEimneost l**otes, anto**mes dail

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Modulation

Setting Mode:

Mode

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intensity level

Degenerative Arthritis: Cervical and Lumbar



Primary Placement



Setting Mode: Mode Pulse Width: 100µs Pulse Mode: 100Hz Output:

Continuous Adjust to the mos

comfortable and perceptible intensity level

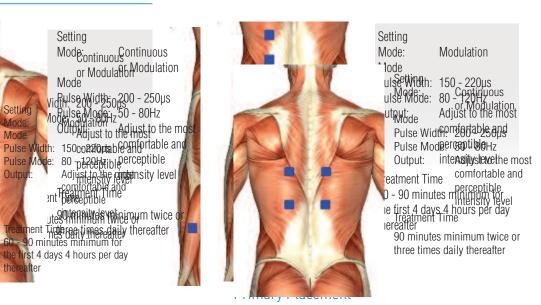
Treatment Time 90 minutes, 3 times daily

thereafter

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Lower Back Pain

Hip Neuralgia



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250µs 30Hz t to the most ortable and ptible ity level

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Sciatica

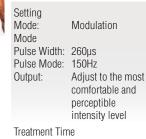
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260µs 100Hz t to the most ortable and ptible sity level

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Alternative Placement



60 minutes minimum, 2 or 3 times daily thereafter

Setting

the first 4 days 4 hours per day

Setting

Mode

Mode

thereafter



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vel



Phantom Limb, Lower Extremity



Primary Placement

Setting Mode:

Mode

Output:

Continuous or Modulation

Pulse Width: 200 - 260µs Pulse Mode: 50 - 100Hz Adjust to the most comfortable and perceptible intensity level

Treatment Time 60 minutes minimum, three times daily thereafter





Wrist Pain

Low Extremity Pain



Degenerative Arthritis -Knee Pain



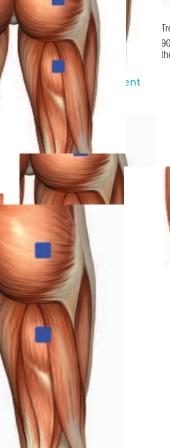
Setting Mode: Continuous Mode Pulse Width: 200µs Pulse Mode: 80Hz Adjust to the most Output: comfortable and perceptible intensity level Treatment Time

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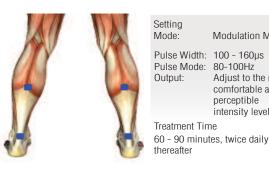
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60 - 90 minutes, twice daily thereafter

Primary Placement



Lower Leg Pain



Primary Placement





Node:	Continuous or Modulation	
Vode		
Pulse Width:	120 - 150µs	
Pulse Mode:	50 - 80Hz	
Output:	Adjust to the most	
	comfortable and	
	perceptible	
	intensity level	
Freatment Time		

Settina

90 minutes minimum, twice daily thereafter



Modulation Mode

Pulse Width: 100 - 160µs Pulse Mode: 80-100Hz Adjust to the most comfortable and perceptible intensity level







Knee Pain - Post-Op

ulation Mode

- 160µs 00Hz ist to the most fortable and eptible nsity level

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Primary Placement

Modulation

Output:

Treatment Time

thereafter

60 - 90 minutes, twice daily

Adjust to the most

comfortable and

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intensity level

dth: 100 - 150µs ode: 120Hz Adjust to the most comfortable and perceptible intensity level

ıt Time 60 - 90 minutes, twice daily thereafter

1 0136 101000. ILUIIL Adjust to the most Output: comfortable and perceptible intensity level



Treatment Time 60 - 90 minutes, twice daily thereafter

Carpal Tunnel Syndrome



Setting Mode: Continuous Mode Pulse Width: 200µs Pulse Mode: 100Hz Adjust to the most Output: comfortable and perceptible intensity level Treatment Time 60 - 90 minutes, twice daily thereafter



Elbow & Forearm Pain

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Setting Mode: Continuous Mode Pulse Width: 200µs Pulse Mode: 100Hz Output: Adjust to the most comfortable and perceptible intensity level Treatment Time

60 - 90 minutes, twice daily thereafter



Primary Placement

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Mode:	Continuous
Mode	
Pulse Width:	100µs
Pulse Mode:	100Hz
Output:	Adjust to the mos
	comfortable and
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Treatment Time 60 - 90 minutes, twice daily thereafter



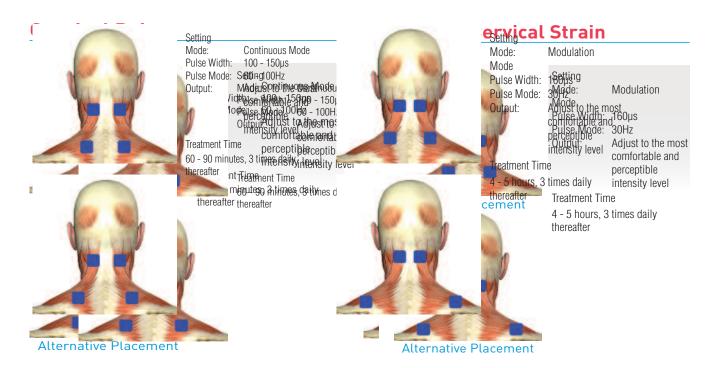


Mode: Continuous Mode Pulse Width: 100µs Pulse Mode: 100Hz Adjust to the most Output: comfortable and perceptible intensity level Treatment Time

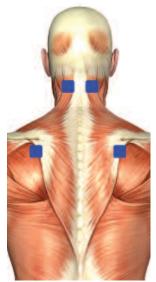
Setting

60 - 90 minutes, twice daily thereafter





Chronic Cervical Strain



Mode: Modulation Mode Pulse Width: 200µs Pulse Mode: 60 - 100Hz Output: Adjust to the most comfortable and perceptible intensity level Treatment Time

Setting

ost 1

4 - 5 hours, 3 times daily thereafter

Primary Placement

TENS can be used for

TENS can be used to treat most types of pain where the cause has been determined including:

- Arthritis
- Back Pain
- Bruising
- Calf Strain
- Dead Leg
- Fibrositis Finger Pain
- Headaches Migraines
- Knee Pain

- Lumbago Muscle Stress
- Neck Pain
- Neuralgia
- Osteo-arthritis
- Period Pains
- Post Herpatic Neuralgia
- Pregnancy/ Labour Pains
- Rheumatism

- Sciatica
- Shoulder Pain
- Sleeplessness
- Spondylosis
- Sports Injuries
- Tennis Elbow
- Tenosynovitis
- Wrist Pain

Hygiene and housekeeping considerations:

- One set of electrodes per Resident
- Keep in packet with name of Resident and date of first use written on plastic packet with permanent marker
- Ultrasonic gel can be placed on the electrodes if they appear to be dry and not in adequate contact with the Resident
- Micropore can be used to tape electrodes in place
- Place TENs unit in carry case when not in use
- The 9 volt battery will require replacement depending on level if use.

When is it time to replace the Electrodes?

It is important that the self-adhesive pads, be replaced when they no longer stick well or if you begin to feel a 'stinging sensation' on your skin. The usual life span is appro 6-8 weeks per set. This is dependent on skin type and weather conditions. With humidity affecting their durability.

If a reaction occurs, there are products that act as skin barriers for the electrodes upon the skin in these situations.

Where and when to not use TENS machines

TENS electrodes should NEVER be placed:

- Across your eyes (intraocular pressure) or brain
- On the front of your neck due to the risk of acute hypotension (through a vasovagal reflex) or even a laryngospasm
- Through the chest (using a front and rear of chest wall electrode positions). Either side of your spinal column is permitted.
- Across an artificial cardiac pacemaker (or other indwelling stimulator, implantable cardioverter-defibrillators (ICDs), including across its leads) due to risk of interference and failure of the implanted device. Serious accidents have been recorded in cases when this principle was not observed.
- On open wounds or broken skin areas (although it can be placed around wounds).
- Over a malignant tumour (based on experiments where electricity promotes cell growth).
- Directly over the spinal column (although it can be placed either side of your spinal column).
- Internally, except for specific applications of dental, vaginal, and anal stimulation that employ specialised TENS units.
- Epilepsy patients
- On areas of numb skin/decreased sensation TENS should be used with caution because it's likely less effective due to nerve damage. It may also cause skin irritation due to the inability to feel currents until they are too high.
- Areas of Infection. There's an unknown level of risk when placing electrodes over an infection (possible spreading due to muscle contractions). Cross contamination with the electrodes themselves is of greater concern.
- Patients who are non-compliant or have dementia

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